

2024 STATE FACT SHEET

CHILD CARE & EARLY LEARNING IN RHODE ISLAND

In Rhode Island, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than 11,974 children and families,¹ or 18% of children ages 5 and under.²

High quality child care and early learning programs support child development and offer parents peace of mind while they work or attend school.

Unfortunately, the demand for quality care far outweighs the supply, so many families struggle to access and afford the care options they want or need. While there are several federally funded programs that provide working families with access to quality child care opportunities, limited funding leaves many eligible children unserved. The impacts of these challenges extend beyond families and carry over to the workplace. As a direct result, the national economy loses **\$122 billion annually** in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.³

Below is a list of existing child care and early learning programs which together form a mix delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs. These programs have unique eligibility requirements and service delivery models. However, at current funding levels, each only reaches a fraction of eligible families.

STATE OF CHILD CARE IN RHODE ISLAND

65.636

Children 5 & Under⁴

71%

Children 5 & Under with All Available Parents in the Workforce⁵

419

Licensed Child Care Centers in 2023 (-8 compared to 2022)⁶

390

Licensed Family Child Care Homes in 2023 (-2 compared to 2022)⁷

52%

Gap in the Supply of Child Care vs. the Potential Need⁸

\$342M

Estimated Economic Impact of Infant-Toddler Child Care Challenges Each Year⁹

\$16.899

Annual Price of Center-Based Infant Care (\$1,408 per month)¹⁰

\$14,618

Annual Price of Home-Based Infant Care (\$1,218 per month)¹¹

\$128.469

Median Income of Married-Couple Family¹²

13.2%

Portion of Income Spent by a Married-Couple Family on Center-Based Infant Care¹³

\$39.573

Median Income of Single-Parent Family¹⁴

42.7%

Portion of Income Spent by a Single-Parent Family on Center-Based Infant Care¹⁵

CHILD CARE & DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CCDBG)

21,652 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER ELIGIBLE¹⁶ 1,539 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER SERVED¹⁷



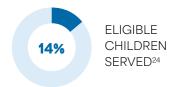
HEAD START

4,967 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE¹⁹
1,514 CHILDREN ENROLLED²⁰



EARLY HEAD START

4,967 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE²² 712 CHILDREN ENROLLED²³



STATE-FUNDED PRE-K 2,364 CHILDREN ENROLLED²⁵



MIGRANT AND SEASONAL HEAD START

O CHILDREN ENROLLED27

MATERNAL, INFANT, AND EARLY CHILDHOOD HOME VISITING (MIECHV)

1,498 FAMILIES SERVED28

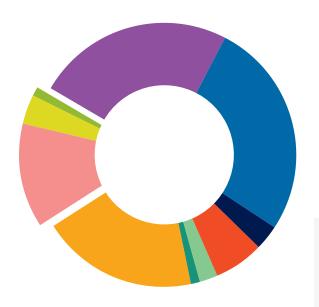
IDEA PART C

(EARLY INTERVENTION) 1,906 CHILDREN SERVED²⁹

DEA PART B, SEC. 619

(PRESCHOOL SPECIAL EDUCATION)
2,441 CHILDREN SERVED30

RHODE
ISLAND:
FEDERAL
AND STATE
CHILD CARE
AND EARLY
LEARNING
FUNDING



\$32M	CCDBG and Mandatory Funds ³¹

\$35.2M Head Start and Early Head Start³² (includes AIAN HS/EHS when applicable)

\$4M PDG B-5³³

\$8.4M MIECHV³⁴

\$2.6M IDEA Part C35

\$1.8M IDEA Part B, Sec. 619³⁶

\$25.2M TANF Early Care and Education³⁷

\$0 TANF Transferred to CCDBG38

STATE INVESTMENT

\$16.8M State-Funded Pre-K³⁹

\$4.9M CCDBG State Match⁴⁰

\$1.2M PDG B-5 State Match41

ELEMENTS OF PROGRAM QUALITY

Program quality varies substantially within and across states.

Quality child care and early learning programs rely on a strong workforce, but low pay makes it difficult to recruit and retain educators. In Rhode Island, child care workers earn \$16.91 per hour (\$35,170 annually).⁴²

Teacher-child ratios are crucial for ensuring safety, quality, and individual attention. Licensed center-based care providers participating in CCDBG are required to have the following ratios:⁴³

• Infant 1:4

Toddler 1:6

• Preschool 1:9 for age 3, 1:10 for age 4, 1:12 for age 5-6

The state's pre-K program met **10/10 of NIEER's Quality Standards Benchmarks**, which represent minimum standards to support quality preschool programs.⁴⁴

Preschool Development Grant Birth Through Five (PDG B-5) is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states' early childhood systems. **Rhode Island's PDG B-5** accomplishments include:⁴⁵

- Piloted a registered apprenticeship program for infant/ toddler teachers, creating a pathway to increase availability of highly qualified teachers.
- Expanded pre-K by more than 500 seats.

CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE TAX CREDIT (CDCTC)

The Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC) directly helps working parents offset the cost of child care.

In its current form, the credit only reaches a small percentage of families and has been swiftly outpaced by the escalating cost of child care as it lacks any adjustment for inflation.

Last permanently updated in 2001, the current credit averages \$500-\$600 a year.⁴⁶

CDCTC IN RHODE ISLAND BY TAX YEAR

2020

- 14,270: Number of taxpayers claiming the CDCTC⁴⁷
- \$530: Average credit

2021

The CDCTC was temporarily expanded and made refundable for one year in response to the pandemic.

- 17,270: Number of taxpayers claiming the CDCTC⁴⁸ (an additional 3,000 from 2020)
- \$2,079: Average Credit (an additional \$1,548 from 2020, on average)

TODAY

The temporary expansion expired; the CDCTC reverted back to 2001 levels.

• \$500-600: Average credit

NOTE: Major provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA) expire at the end of 2025⁴⁹, giving Congress the opportunity to modernize the CDCTC and other tax provisions to better help working families offset the cost of quality child care.⁵⁰



Scan or click the QR code for full references and links. For more information contact FFYF at mail@ffyf.org.